COURSE: 7065	Parenting ar	d Child D	evelopment	UNIT: A	Parenting Perspectives
ESSENTIAL STANDARD:	2.00	B2	14%	Understand child care issues.	
OBJECTIVE:	2.02	B2	6%	Understand ways to provide a safe, secure environment for children.	

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

- What is a safe, secure environment for children?
- How can accidents and injuries be prevented?
- How can children be taught safe practices?
- How can children be made to feel safe and secure during crises?

UNPACKED CONTENT

What is a safe, secure environment for children?

Safety needs are basic needs of children. In Maslow's Hierarchy of Human Needs, safety needs are second only to physiological needs as essential for survival. Safety needs include two parts--- (1) freedom from danger and (2) sense of security. When children are free from danger, they are *safe*. When children feel confident in their daily routines and know what to expect from life, they feel *secure*. A place in which children are free from danger, feel confident in their daily routines, and know what to expect is a *safe*, *secure environment*.

Ways to prevent injuries

- Safety at home
 - Childproofing the home
 - ° Kitchen
 - ° Bathroom
 - Around heat sources
 - Home fires
 - Firearm safety
 - Bathing children safely
 - Preventing falls
 - Making cribs and beds safe
 - Keeping mealtime safe
 - Preventing suffocation
 - Preventing poisonings
 - Choosing baby items and safe toys
 - Selection
 - Supervision
 - Preventing hazardous materials
 - Lead poisoning
 - Asbestos found in homes built prior to 1978

OBJECTIVE:	2.02	B2	6%	Understand ways to provide a safe, secure environment for children.
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UNPACKED CONTENT

- Safety away from home
 - Playground safety
 - Water safety
 - Vehicle safety
 - Restraint systems safety
 - Age
 - Size
 - Bicycle and pedestrian safety

Ways to teach children safe practices

- Appropriate use of computers, electronic devices, and other technologies
 - Protecting physical safety
 - Protecting children from unacceptable content
- Stranger awareness

Events/crises that affect a sense of security

- Accidents/illness of family members
- Death
- Divorce
- Domestic violence
- Job loss/financial difficulties
- Relocation/family move
- Substance abuse-drugs and alcohol
- World events natural disasters, terrorism

How can children be made to feel more secure during crises?

- Communications
 - Explain crises in very simple terms to children
 - Maintain regular family routines as closely as possible
 - Provide a sense of family unity and structure
 - Plan chores and activities that are reasonable
 - Answer questions honestly and completely
 - Be specific about how lives will change
 - Acknowledge children's feelings and concerns
- Actions
 - Use sources of help available from community organizations
 - Turn to agencies who provide support---United Way, Red Cross, Social Services, Employment Security Commission, Health Department, and faith-based groups